

KOZLOWSKI, Jan Przemyslaw, mgr., inz.

Reduction gearing of screw propulsing. Pt. 2. Bud okretowe Warszawa 6
no.9:283-288 '61.

1. Politechnika Gdanska.

(Ship propulsion)

KOZŁOWSKI, Jan Przemysław, mgr., inż.

Boats from plastic materials with sandwich construction.
Bud. okret 7 no. 3:96-100 Mr '62

1. Politechnika Gdańskia

KOZLOWSKI, Jan Przemyslaw, mgr inz.

Prospects for building hulls of fishing vessels of reinforced
plastics. Bud okretowe Warszawa 8 no. 5:171-173 My '63.

1. Politechnika, Gdansk.

KOZLOWSKI, K; SLAWEK, J.; KOWALSKI, S.

Warfon machine tools at the 28th Poznan International Fair. p. 252.

Mechanik. Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 32, no. 5, May 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960.
Uncl.

KOZIOWSKI, K., mgr inz.

Glass packing in the food industry. Horyz techn 16 no.7:6-8 '63.

KOZLOWSKI, K.

On the eclogitelike rocks of Stary Gieraltow in east Sudeten.
In English. Bul Ac Pol chim 6 no.11:723-728 '58. (EAI 9:6)

1. Department of Petrology, Warsaw University. Presented by
K. Smulikowski.
(Poland-- Eclogite) . (Sudeten)

KOZLOWSKI, K., Warszawa, ul. Pulawska 132a m.8

Experimental and clinical observations on the use of gelatin sponge as a hemostatic agent. Polski przegl. chir. 26 no.9:
803-808 Sept 54.

1. Zaklad chirurgii operacyjnej Akademii Medycznej w Warszawie,
Oddzial Chirurgicsny III. Szpitala Miejskiego w Warszawie.

Kierownik: prof. Jan Zaorski

(HEMOSTASIS

absorbable gelatin sponge, value in surg.)

(HEMORRHAGE, prevention and control

absorbable gelatin sponge, value in surg.)

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Sudden deaths in childhood. Polski tygod. lek. 13 no.43:1674-1676 27
Oct 58.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dziecięcych A. M. w Poznaniu; Kierownik: prof.
dr med. Teodor Rafinski.
(DEATH, SUDDEN, in inf. & child (Pol))

CESARSKA, Danuta; KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

A method for stimulation therapy in the light of the studies on proteins. Polskie arch. med. wewn. 29 no.7:891-897 1959.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieciecech A. M. w Poznaniu Kierownik:
prof. dr med. T. Rafinski i z Rejonowego Szpitala Wojskowego w
Poznaniu Ordynator: dr med. E. Kowalski
(VACCINES, ther.) (SKIN DISEASES, ther.)
(BLOOD PROTEINS)

GESARSKA, Danuta; KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Behavior of serum proteins in lipid nephrosis and nephrotic syndromes in children. Pediat. Polska 34 no.6:811-819 June 59.

I. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dziecięcych A. M. w Poznaniu Kierownik:
prof. dr med. T. Rafinski
(NEPHROTIC SYNDROME, blood) (BLOOD PROTEINS)

~~Document Number~~
Soviet (in caps); Given Names

Country: Poland

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation:^a

Source: Warsaw, Pediatria Polska, No 8, Aug 66, pp. 381-382.

Data: "On the Utility of Radiological Examination of Pelvis in
Mongol Children."^b

^a Work performed at X-Ray Department, Babies Hospital, Columbia
Medical Center, New York, Director: Dr. Caffey

^b Name of author given as: Pediatric Clinic (Klinika
Pediatryczna, Poznan.

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz; LJUBICIC, Elzbieta

Remote therapeutic results in postoperative and recurrent inguinal
hermias. Polski przegl. chir. 32 no.10:1015-1020 '60.

1. Z III Kliniki Chirurgicznej A.M. w Warszawie Kierownik: prof.
dr J. Raczyński.

(HERNIA INGUINAL surg)

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Inflammatory tumor of the colon. Polski przegl. chir. 33 no.2:
165-169 '61.

l. Z III Kliniki Chirurgicznej AM w Warszawie Kierownik: prof.
dr J. Raczyński.

(COLON dis)

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

On the value of filling the stomach with gaseous substances in
descending urography in children. Pediat polska 36 no.3:269-272
'61.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof. dr med.
T Rafinski.

(UROGENITAL SYSTEM radiog) (STOMACH radiog)

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz; KOZANECKA, Alicja

Extensive nephrocalcinosis in a 3 1/2 year-old boy with the course of hyperchlloremic renal acidosis. Pol. tyg. lek. 17 nr 1603-1605 8 0 '62.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dziecięcych AM w Poznaniu kierownik Kliniki:
prof. dr med. T. Rafinski.

(NEPHROCALCINOSIS) (ACIDOSIS)

POLAND

BARTKOWIAK, Kazimierz, KOZŁOWSKI, Kazimierz, and MIKOŁAJCZYKOWA, Jolanta; First (I) (Director: Prof. Dr. med. T. RAFINSKI) and Second (II) (Director: Prof. Dr. med. O. SZCZEPSKI) Clinic of Child Diseases (Clinika Chorob Dzieci), AM [Akademia Medyczna, Medical Academy] in Poznan

"Acidophilic Granulomas and Their Resistance to Treatment."
Warsaw, Polski Tygodnik Lekarski, Vol 18, No 39, 23 Sep 63;
pp 1445-1449

Abstract: [Authors' English summary modified] Authors discuss the reticulo-endotheliomas, their etiology and pathogenesis, and note similarity between the Hand-Schüller-Christian and Abt-Letterer-Siwe diseases. Acidophilic granuloma, the mild form of this disease seldom observed in general form are resistant to treatment and give poorer prognosis. They describe two observed cases. There are 33 references: One (1) Soviet, 11 Polish, 2 Eastern Bloc, and 8 German.

1/1

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Radiological examination of maxillary sinuses in children in
the era of antibiotics. Otolaryng. pol. 17 no.4:463-464 '63.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Poznaniu. Kierownik: prof.
dr. med. T.Rafinski.

*

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz; RYBAKOWSKA-HOFFMANN, Urszula

A case of splenic rupture in an infant with hemolytic disease.
Ginek. pol. 35 no.1:131-134 Ja-F'64

l. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Poznaniu; kierownik: prof.
dr.med. T.Rafinski.

*

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz; BURCHARDT, Barbara

Role of the contrast examination of the upper digestive tract
in cases of chronic vomiting in infants. Pediat. pol. 38 no.10:
883-888 0 '63.

l. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Poznaniu Kierownik: prof. dr
med. T. Rafinski.

(VOMITING) (RADIOGRAPHY) (CARDIOSPASM)
(DIAPHRAGMATIC HERNIA) (ESOPHAGUS)
(ABNORMALITIES)

CHMIELOWA, Maria; KOZIOWSKI, Kazimierz; SIKORSKA, Renata; WALCZAK,
Mieczyslaw.

Precoenital puberty in a 7-year-old girl with congenital syphilis.
Endokr. Pol. 15 no.6:611-616 N-D '64

I. II Klinika Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu
(Kierownik: prof. dr. O. Szczepski).

KHITILO, Tadeusz; KOLONSKI, Kazimierz

A case of a congenital form of cortical hyperostosis in an infant (Hyperosteosis corticalis infantum). Radiat. Pol. 39 no. 4:461-464. April 1990.

Hyperostosis corticalis infantum (cortical hyperostosis in infants). Ibid.:465-472

1. Z Oddzialu Noworodkow Szpitala Wojewodowego w Pomorzu (Kierownik: lek. med. T. Knittke) i z 1. Cliniki Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. T. Rafinski).

KOZŁOWSKI, Kazimierz

Syndromes of autosomal trisomy. Wiad. Lek., 18 no. 3:201-204
F 1'65

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu
(Kierownika prof. dr. med. T. Rafiński).

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz; BARTKOWIAK, Kazimierz.

Hypochondroplasia. Ped. Pol. 40 no.4:379 Ap'65

1. z II Kliniki Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu
(Kierownik: prof. dr. med. C. Szczepski) i z I Kliniki
Chorob Dzieci Akademii Medycznej w Poznaniu (Kierownik: prof.
dr. med. T. Rafinski).

KOZIOWSKI, Kazimierz; SWITKA, Stanislaw

Excretion of uropepsin in patients with gastric and duodenal
ulcer treated surgically. Pol. tyg. lek. 20 no.29:1086-1087
19 Jl '65.

1. Z III Kliniki Chirurgicznej AM w Warszawie (Kierownik:
prof. dr. med. Jan Raczyński).

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Hypochondroplasia. Pol. przegl. radiol. 29 no.5:477-486
S-O ' 65.

1. Z Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Poznaniu (Kierownik:
prof. dr. med. T. Rafinski).

ZYCHOWICZ, Czeslaw; SLIWINSKA, Krystyna; KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

Hunter-Hurler and Morquio types of mucopolysaccharidoses.
Pediat. Pol. 40 no.8:815-823 Ag '65.

1. Z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Gdansku (Kierownik: prof.
dr. E. Erecinski) z Wojewodzkiego Specjalistycznego Szpitala
Dzieciecego w Olsztynie (Dyrektor: lek. med. O. Szwankiewicz)
i z I Kliniki Chorob Dzieci AM w Poznaniu (Kierownik: prof.
dr. T. Rafinski).

KOZIOWSKI, Kazimierz

Macromolecular polyaccharides. Pediat. rev. 40 no.8:877-883 Ag '65.

KOZLOWSKI, Kazimierz

The granulitic complex of Stary Gieraltow in the Zlote Gory
Mountains. Archiw min 25 no.1/2:5-122 '61 [publ. '65].

1. Department of Petrography of the Warsaw University and
Institute of Geologic Sciences of the Polish Academy of Sciences.

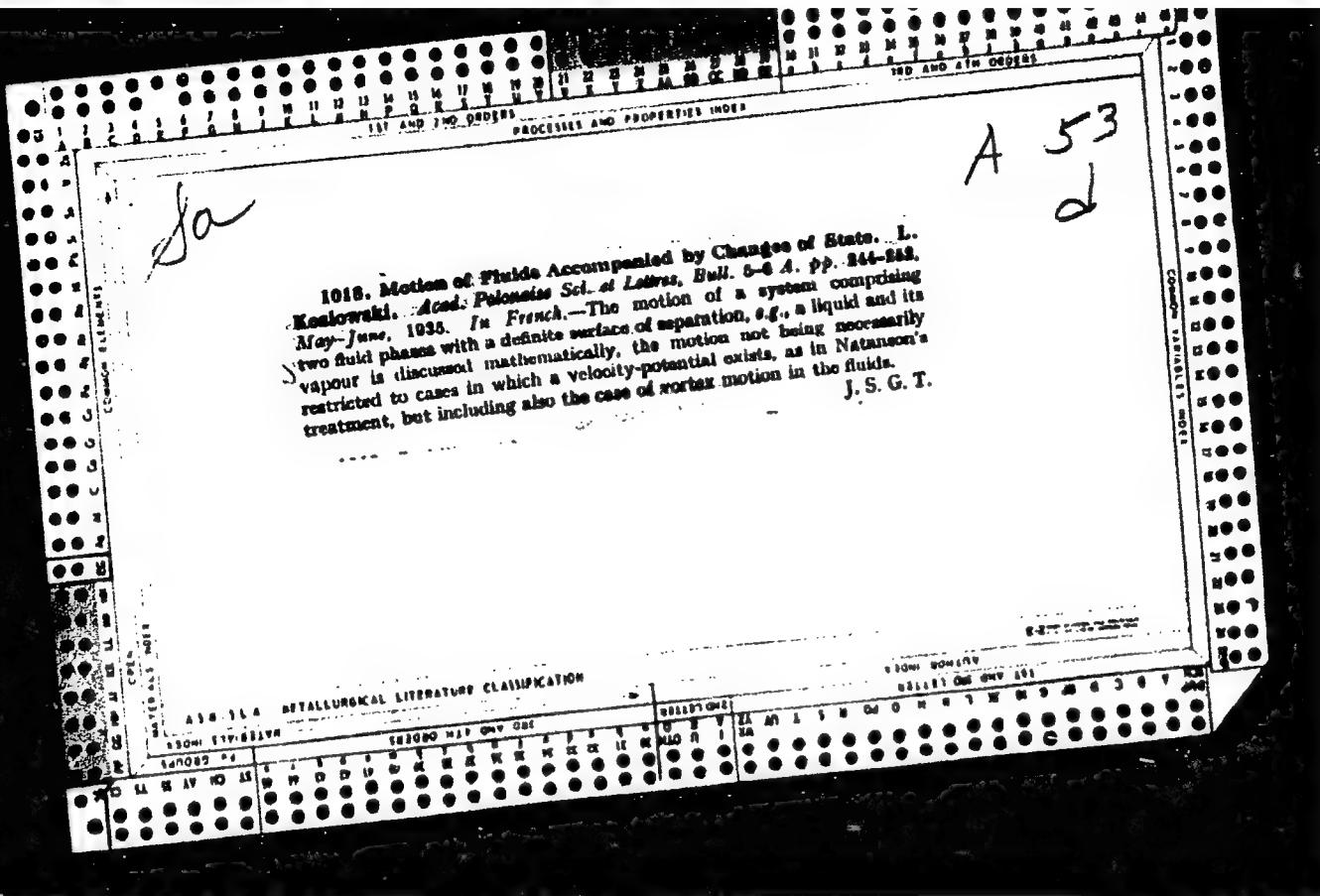
KOZLOWSKI, L.

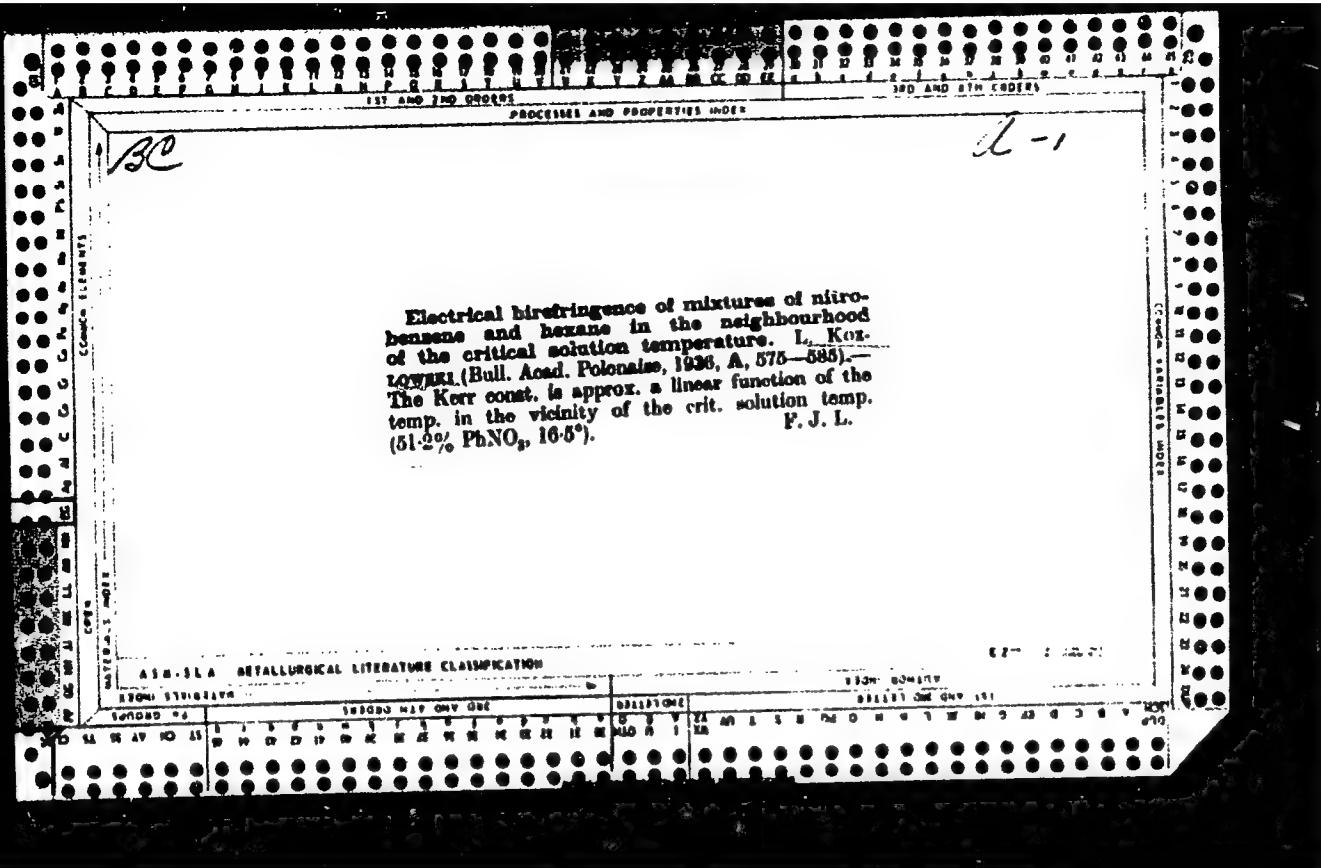
Polish paper industry and its participation in foreign trade. p. 190

PRZEMYSŁ DRZEWNY. Centralne Zarządy Przemysłu: Drzewnego, Meblarskiego, i
Lesnego i Stowarzynierów i Techników Leśnictwa i Drzewnictwa.
Warszawa, Poland. Vol. 9, no. 6, June 1958.

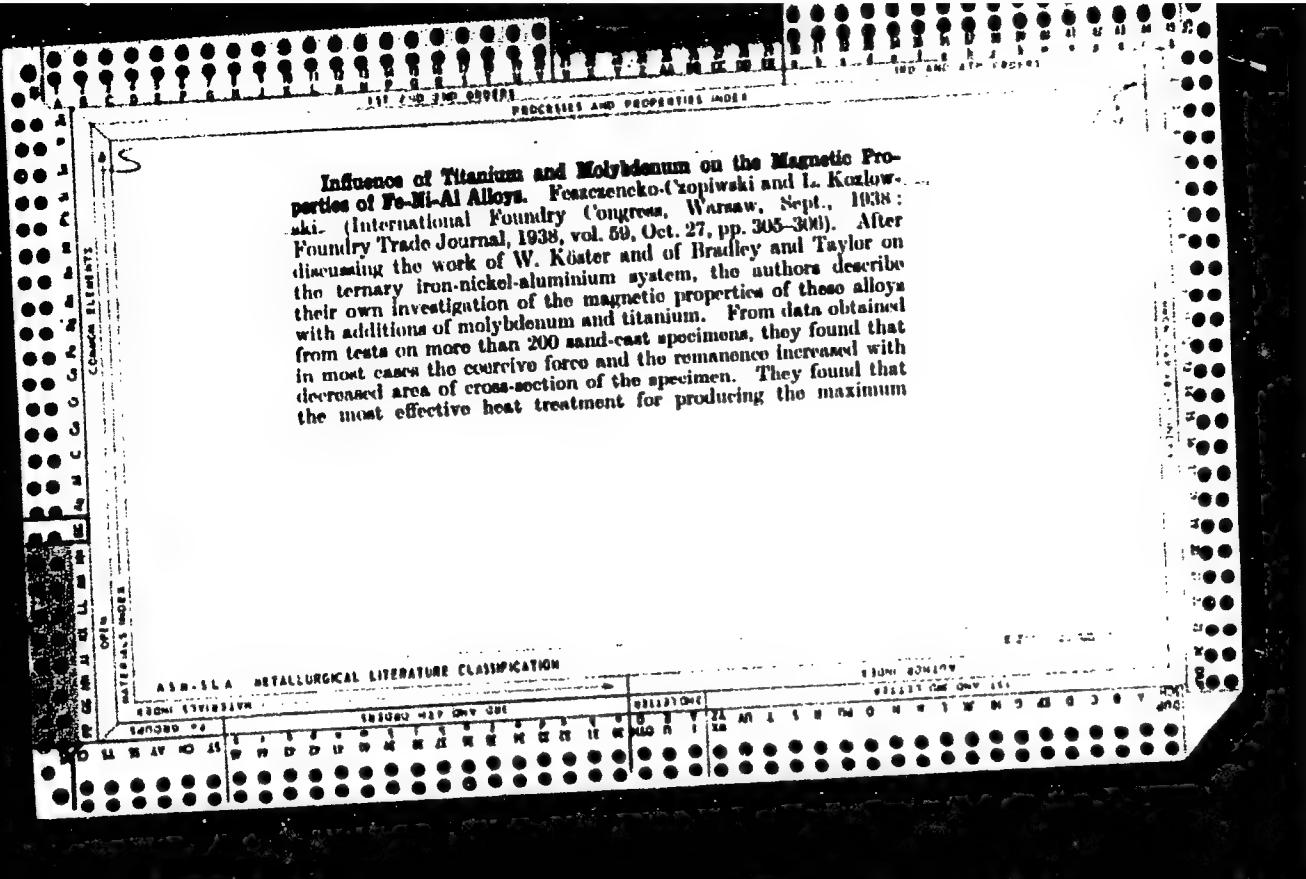
Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 9, September, 1959.

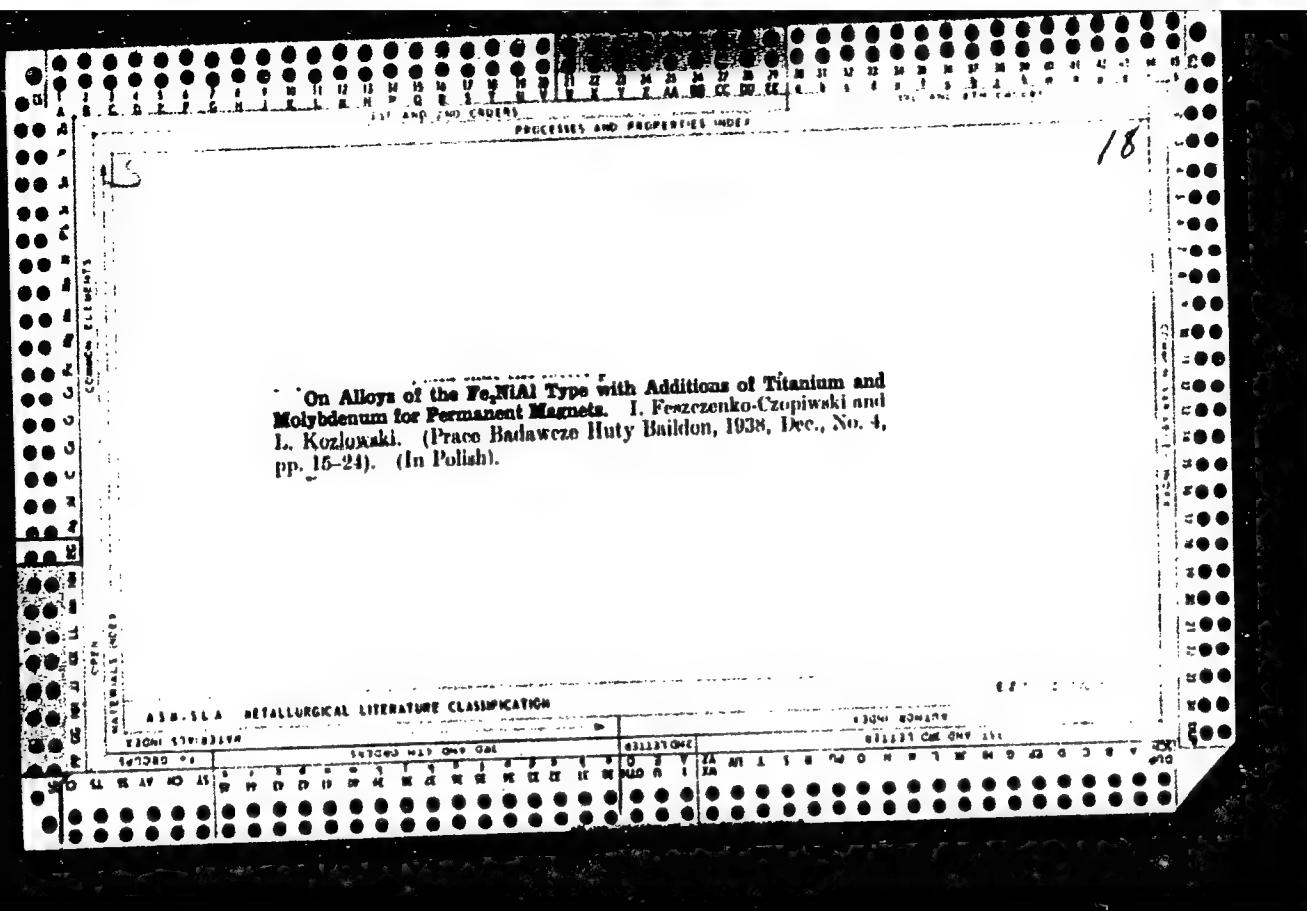
Uncl.

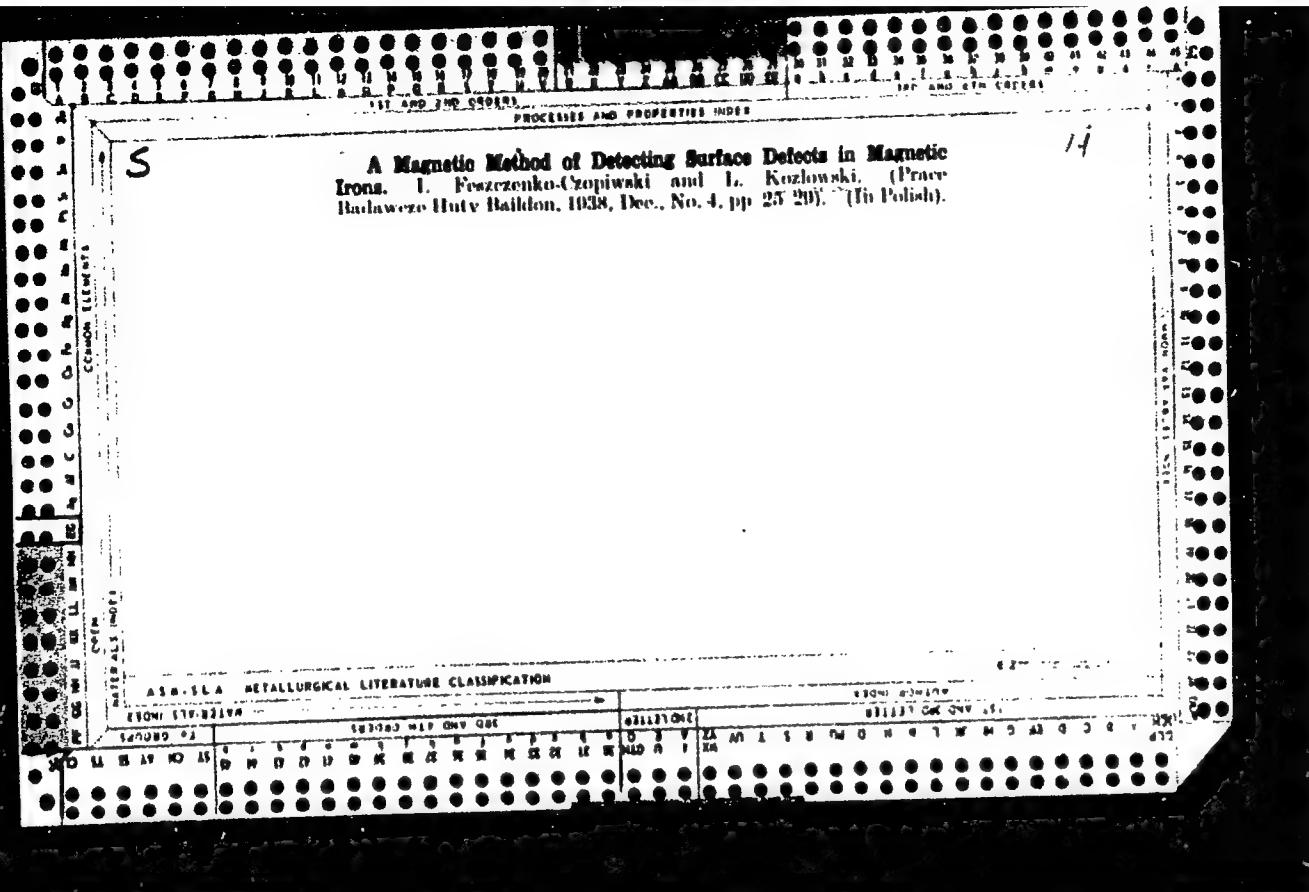


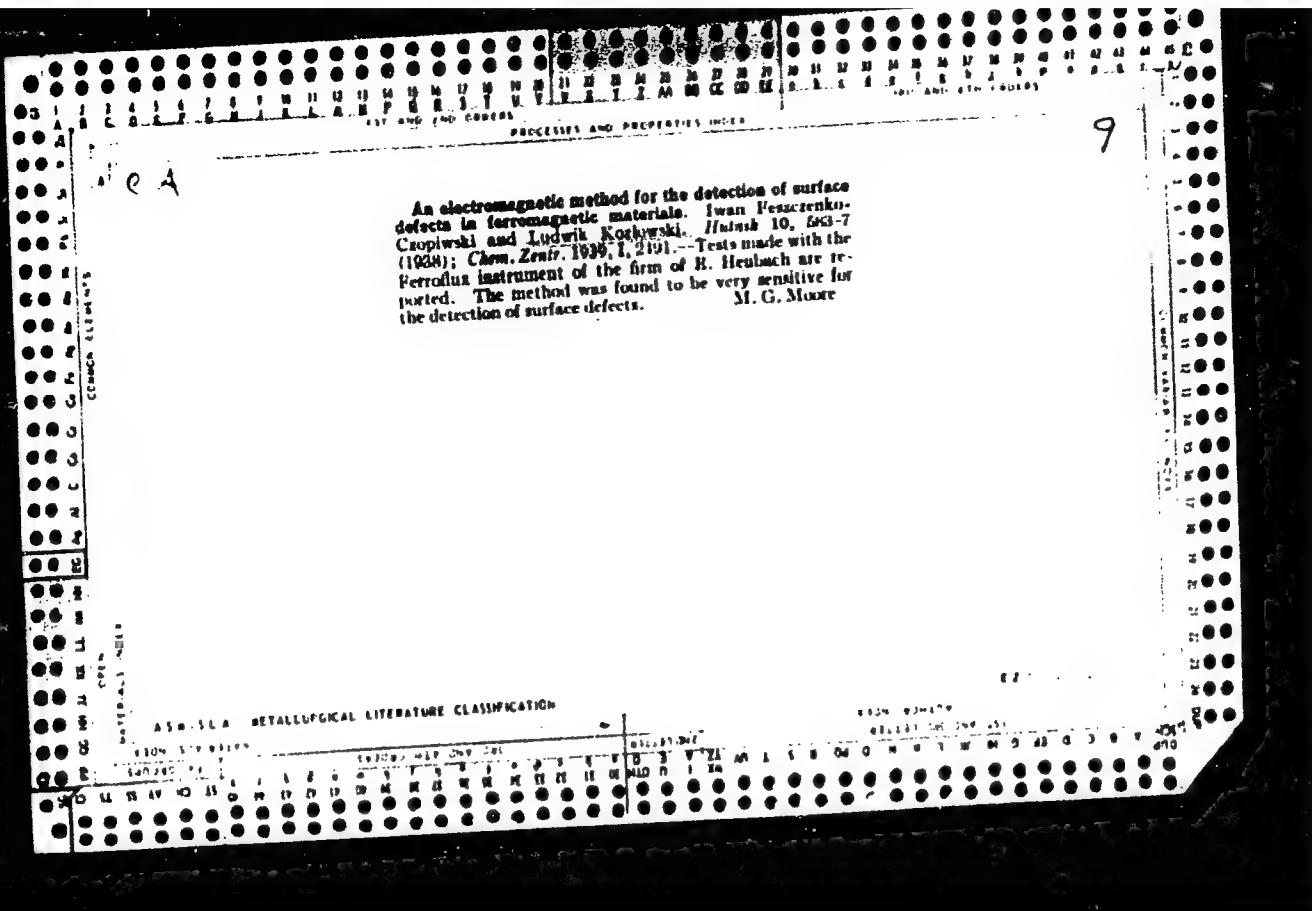


Influence of Titanium and Molybdenum on the Magnetic Properties of Fe-Mn-Al Alloys. Feszczenco-Czopiwski and I. Kozłowski. (International Foundry Congress, Warsaw, Sept., 1938; Foundry Trade Journal, 1938, vol. 58, Oct. 27, pp. 305-306). After discussing the work of W. Küster and of Bradley and Taylor on the ternary iron-nickel-aluminium system, the authors describe their own investigation of the magnetic properties of these alloys with additions of molybdenum and titanium. From data obtained from tests on more than 200 sand-cast specimens, they found that in most cases the coercive force and the remanence increased with decreased area of cross-section of the specimen. They found that the most effective heat treatment for producing the maximum









BA

SL
3

Detection of laminations in [steel boiler] plates by the ultrasonic method. L. Kozlowski and M. Kurek (*Prace Badaw. Gidro. Inst. Met. Odrów.*, 1949, 1, 99-103; *Metal Abstr.*, 1951, 19, 316).—The detection of laminations in a non-ageing boiler plate (C 0.12, Si 0.19, Mn 0.66, and Al 0.07%) by means of a Hughes' ultrasonic flaw detector is described. The presence of a lamination is shown by a marked reduction of amplitude of the cathode-ray oscillogram. Results are confirmed by the subsequent deep etching of the sectioned plate.
H. H. CLARKE

KOZLOWSKI, L.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000
Metallurgical Abst.
Vol. 21 Apr. 1954
Properties of Metals

*Magnetic Permeability and Coercive Magnetic Field Strength Measurements of Samples of Magnetically Soft Materials by L. Kozlowski (*Prace Inst. Met. Odrów.*, 1952, 4, (8), 397-404).—[In Polish]. The magnetic permeability and the coercive magnetic field strength of magnetically soft materials were measured by the ring-specimen and yokeless methods. The results obtained by these two methods agree closely, but the values obtained with the Koepsel permeameter for specimens of the same shape as those used in the yokeless method are almost twice as high. It is suggested that the Koepsel permeameter method (hitherto used as a standard test for straight bar specimens) should be replaced by the yokeless method described.—S. K. L.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920

200

6931 Apparatus for Determination of Microscopic Anatomy (Polish). L. Kozlowski, M. Pogorzaleski, and H. Roman Prace Instytutowe Instytutu Higieny i Epidemiologii, Warszawa, Oct. 1933, p. 277-281.

Operating principles of apparatus designed to establish function, diagnosis and texture of tissue by means of microphotographs, tables, photographs, diagrams, 16 mm motion picture film, etc.

73

1

Jan

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920C

KOZŁOWSKI, L.

2381

538,21/.27.001.5

Kozłowski L., Magnetic Permeability and Coercive Intensity Measurements of Straight Bar Samples of Magnetically Soft Materials.

Polish Technical Abst.
No. 4, 1953
Metallurgy

Pomiary przenikalnosci magnetycznej i napiecia koercyjnego sztabkowych prob materialow magnetycznie miękkich (Prace Inst. Metalurgii No. 6), Katowice, 1953, PWT, 6.5 ppl 8 figs., 5 tabs.

The author gives a review of the technical literature concerning the methods of measuring the magnetic permeability and the coercive intensity in straight bar specimens. Comparative measurements by the ring specimen and yokeless method were carried out, and the most suitable method of measurement tested. The results obtained when using the usual method of measuring the coercive intensity were compared with the results obtained with the same specimen with Koepcel permeameter. It was found that the values of the coercive intensity obtained by means of the yoke less method were very close to those obtained with the ring specimen method. The method described can be used as a basis for working out a standard of measuring the coercive intensity in straight bar specimens of magnetically soft materials.

Kozlowski L.

3423

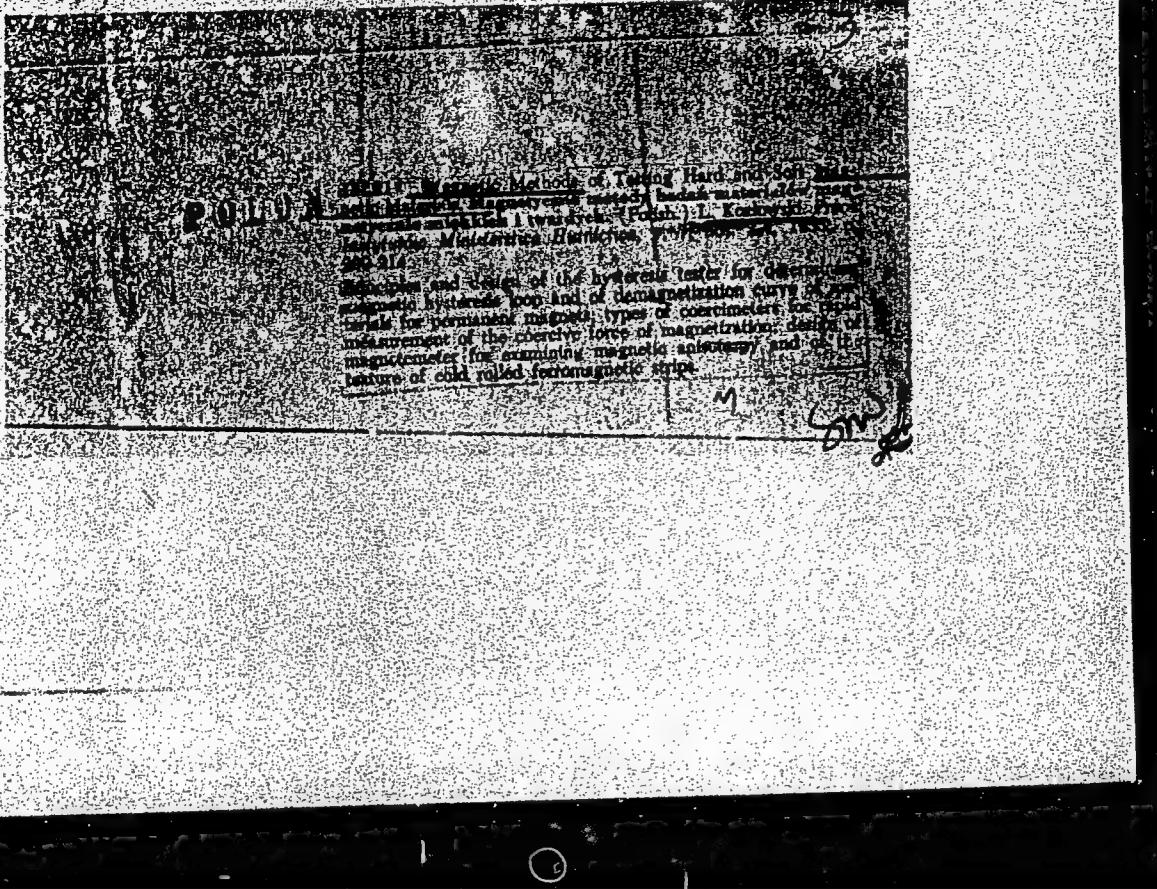
031-3182-800-15-24-71

Kozlowski L., Pogorecki K., Zak H. Method of Producing Alni, Alnico I
and Magnico Type Permanent Magnets.

Metoda produkcji odlewanych magnesow trwalej typu Alni,
Alnico i Magnico. Przemysl Mechaniczny, Nr. 5, 1924, pp. 155-159.
6 figs, 3 tabs.

POL. ✓ The authors have evolved a method for the production of permanent magnets the composition of which includes, in addition to iron, such elements as carbon, nickel, copper, cobalt and aluminium. The method of forming, melting and casting such magnets is identical with that for all kinds of alloys, irrespective of chemical composition. Heat treatment methods are, however, closely dependent on the chemical composition of the alloy and are decisive in obtaining the requisite magnetic properties. Single heat treatment consisting in the cooling of the casting — at a rate strictly adapted to the individual alloys — is resorted to in the case of Alni and Alnico alloys, or alternatively a method of double heat treatment consisting in the rapid cooling down from the saturation temperature and subsequent ageing for several hours. Magnico type magnets are cooled down, in a magnetic field of a magnetizing force of the order of 1000 Oersteds, from roughly 1300°C to a temperature of 550°C, the rate of cooling being strictly adapted to the cross-section of the magnet, but not exceeding 5°C per second.

KOZLOWSKI, L.



KOZLOWSKI, L.

Metallurgical Abstracts
July 1954
Properties of Alloys

Materials for Permanent Magnets. L. Kozłowski (Prace Inst. Ministr. Huta., 1954, 6, (1), 13-19).—[In Polish]. The developments in the manufacture of magnetic materials during the last 20 years are reviewed with special ref. to martensitic steel and cast alloys of the Alni and Alnico type. 40 ref.—K. L.

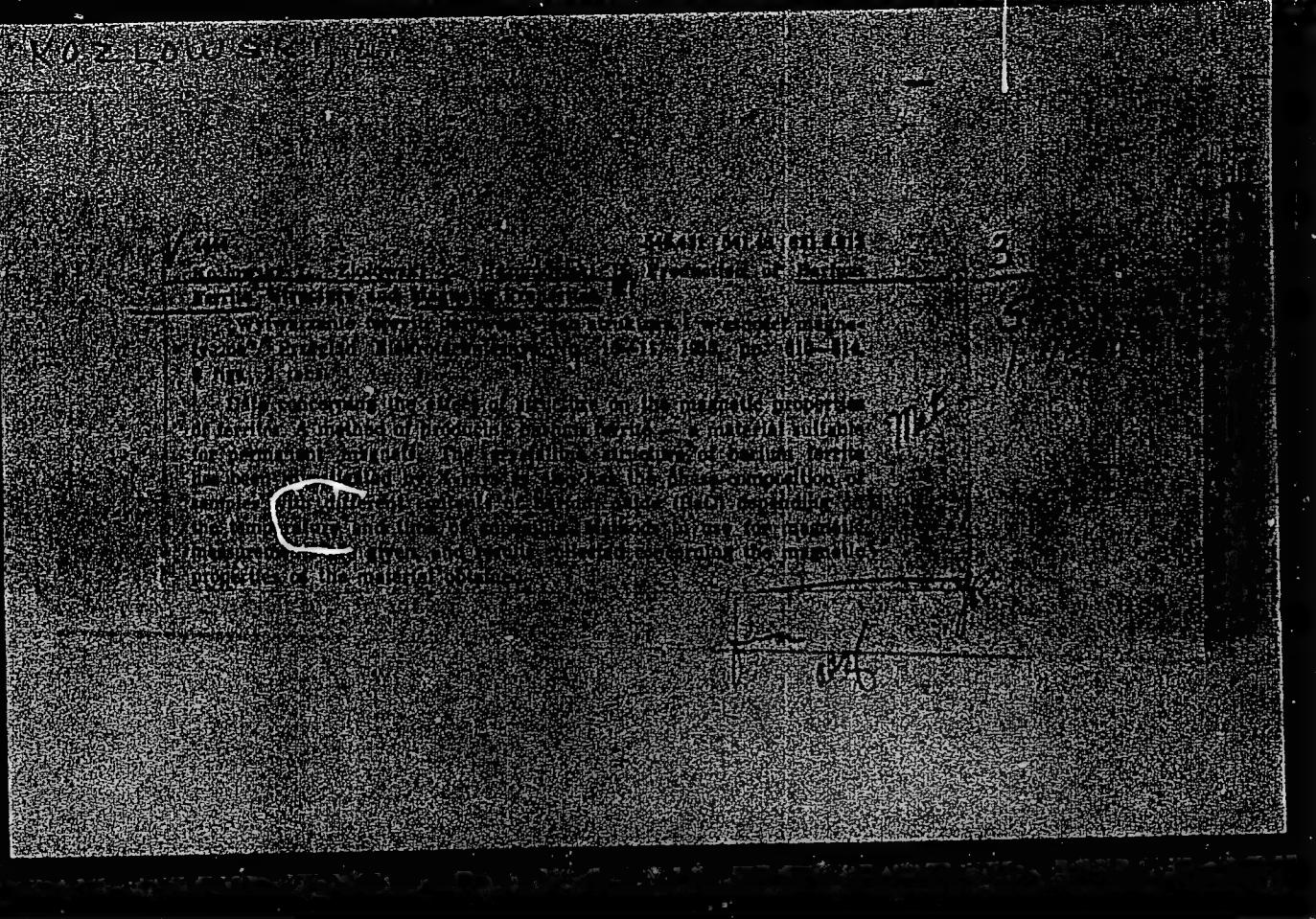
KOZLOWSKI, L.

(2)

13057 (Measurement Methods of Magnet Properties of Materials for Permanent Magnets) Metody pomiarów właściwości magnetycznych materiałów na magnesy trwałe.
L. Kozłowski and J. Siewierski. Prace Instytutu Ministerstwa Hutniczego, v. 6, no. 1, 1954, p. 44-49.
Instruments and techniques. Graphs, photographs, diagrams.
7 ref.

[Handwritten signature and date: 1976/5/1]

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920C

Kozlowski, Ludwick

POLAND/Magnetism - Ferromagnetism

F-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1958, No 10812

Author : Kozlowski Ludwick
Inst : Not Given
Title : Effect of Cathodic Hydrogen on the Magnetic Properties of Certain Ferromagnets.

Orig Pub : Arch. hutn., 1957, 2, No 3, 223-241

Abstract : An investigation was made of the influence of cathodic hydrogen on the magnetic properties of specimens made of low-carbon silicon steel, nickel, and permalloy. All measurements were in an open magnetic loop. The electrolyte employed was 1 n-H₂SO₄ with addition of 0.2 grams of As₂O₃, with presumably 0.03 gram of selenium or tellurium per one liter of solution. Before hydrogenation, all specimens were subjected to annealing in vacuum at a temperature of 950 C for two hours. The increase in H_c is rapid at the very start of the hydrogenation, but after ten to twenty minutes this increase is reduced, and after sixty minutes the changes become already very insignificant. Analogous changes in H_c can be

Card : 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R00082 20C

POLAND/Magnetism - Ferromagnetism

F-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1958, No 10812

observed during cathodic polarization in a solution of 1 n-H₂SO₄ with addition of 30 mg of tellurium or selenium per one liter of solution. A particularly large increase in H_c (> 100%) occurs in cathodic polarization of ribbons made of silicon steel (3.2% Si) for the thickness of 0.15 and 0.35 mm. In specimens of this kind a regeneration of approximately 20% of the magnitude of H_c was established, a regeneration that takes place within several days. In exactly the same manner, the specimens made of 1 mm nickel sheet were subjected to cathodic polarization and an increase of more than 60% in H_c was observed thereby. This change appears to be reversible, so that after several days the H_c of hydrogenated specimens returns to the initial value and the process itself can be repeated and the results obtained are identical within the limits of accuracy. The formulas of modern theories of coercive stress of magnetically soft materials have been analyzed, as were the possibilities of their application to physical-chemical interpretation of the results obtained.

Card : 2/3

KOZLOWSKI L.

POLAND/Magnetism - Ferromagnetism

F-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1958, No 3617

Author : Kozlowski, L.

Inst : Not Given

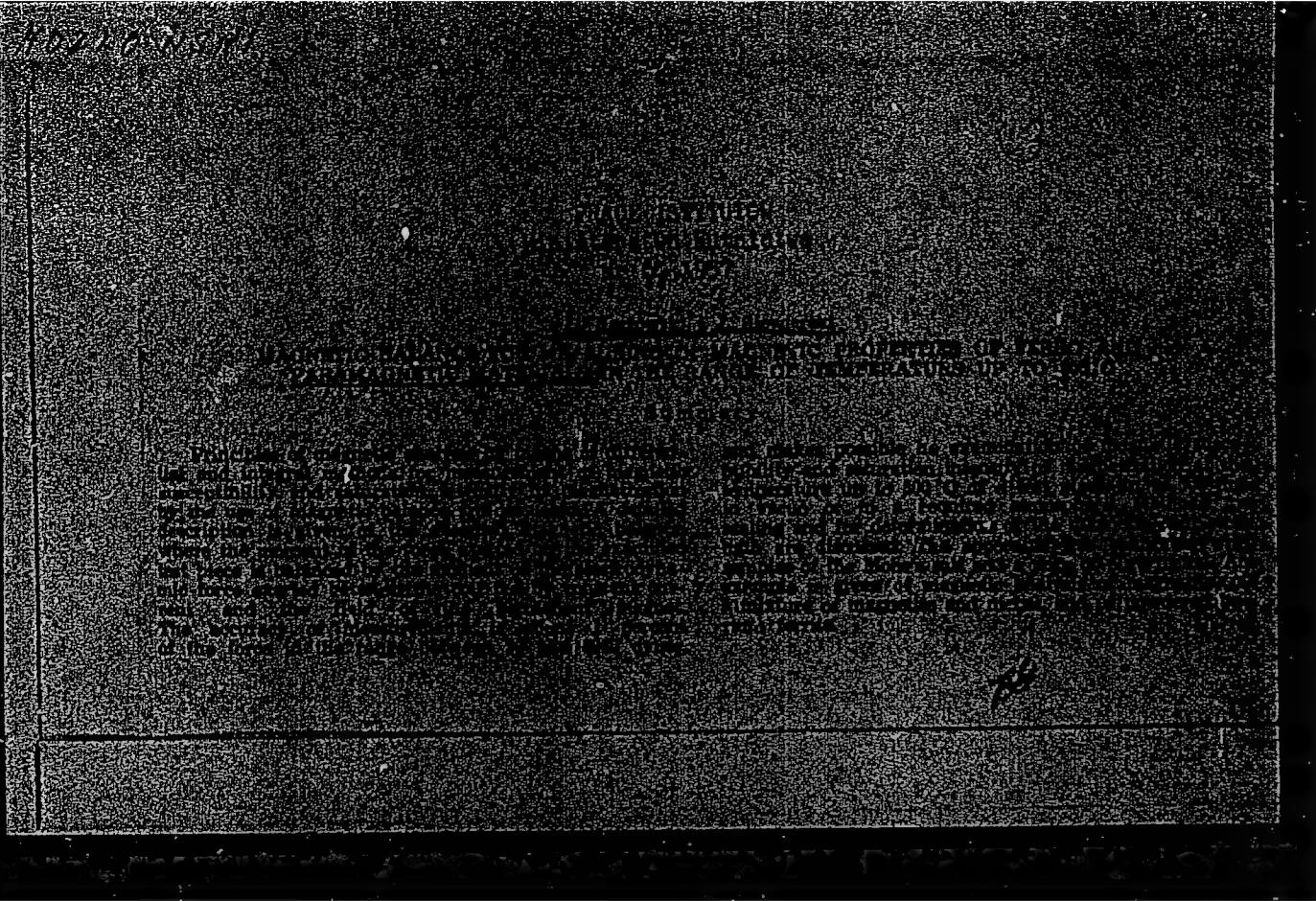
Title : The Effect of Cathodic Hydrogen on the Magnetic Properties of Chrome Nickel Austenitic Steel

Orig Pub : Bull. Acad. polon. sci., 1957, Cl. 3, 5, No 5, 519-522

Abstract : The article considers the variation of the magnetic saturation of austenitic steel as a function of the time of cathodic polarization. It next considers the process of restoration of magnetic properties in time and also of determination of the thickness of the surface layer encompassed in the variation of magnetic saturation. The results obtained confirm the conclusions by Eisenkolb and Ehrlich that the cathodic hydrogen occurs in austenitic steel very fast only up to a thin surface layer, of thickness on the order of several microns.

Card : 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920C

Kozlowski

Effect of addition of metal oxides on the structure and magnetic properties of barium ferrites. L. Kozłowski and Z. Ziolkowski. *Prace Inst. Hafnia*, 10, 305-317 (1959). The addn. of Al_2O_3 , Bi_2O_3 , Mn_2O_3 , Cr_2O_3 , CoO , and NiO to $\text{Ba}_0.6\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_4$ (I) is investigated in expts. where Fe^{+++} is replaced by the respective ions at a ratio of atoms (Fe^{+++} + metal)/ Ba of 12 for the trivalent and of 0.2-11.93 for the bivalent atoms. The test specimens are prep'd. by wet grinding of a mixt. of $\alpha\text{-Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ ($<10 \mu$ particle size) contg. 99.8 Fe_2O_3 , 0.01 Mn, 0.035 Ni, 0.02% Ca, and traces of Mg, with calcined BaCO_3 ($<60 \mu$) contg. 77.4 BaO , 0.07 Ca, 0.8 Sr, and 0.0% Na and a 3rd component, e.g. Al, Bi, or Cr oxide, MnCO_3 , NiCO_3 , or $\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{O}_2)_2\cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$, of high purity (dry grinding for NiCO_3). Cylinders of 50 mm. diam. are then formed at 500 kg./sq. cm.. The cylinders are sintered at 1100° for 4 hrs. to give the ferrites, which are then crushed and ground during 24 hrs., passed through a sieve of 10,000 mesh/sq. cm. and the powder formed under 5 tons/sq. cm. pressure into $10 \times 10 \times 20$ mm. hexahedrons, sintered at 900°, 1000°, 1100°, 1150°, 1200°, 1300°, keeping the specimen for 2 hrs. at the final temp., and cooled. The specific induction of satn. ($4\pi I_s$), coercive force (H_c), satn. magnetisation of unit mass (I_s), the phase analysis of the nonoriented and oriented ferrites in a magnetic field of 14,000 oer., the thermomagnetic curves, and their Curie temp., are then detd. Ferrites contg. oxides of Al, Mn, and Cr form continuous solid solns. in the lattice of I. Increased Al_2O_3 content inhibits the growth of the ferrite crystals (1-12% mole % Al_2O_3 , sp. gr. of the ferrite 5.2-4.8 g./cc.). At less than 15% Al_2O_3 the dimensions of the elementary cell are considerably decreased; >15% the changes are much smaller. In the 1st stage the I_s and I_c decrease approx. linearly and the co-

ercive force increases, attaining a max. of 8000 oer. at 14% mole % Al_2O_3 ; the ferrite being sintered at 1200-1300°. Addn. of Mn ions causes practically a single phase sinter, and does not affect a change of the magnetocryst. anisotropy. I_s and I_c decrease almost linearly (greatest decrease at 1200 and 1300°), coercive force increases (max. at 1000-1100° sintered for 2 hrs.). Optimum magnetic properties are possessed by a ferrite contg. 10 mole % Mn_2O_3 (I_s , 2000 gausses, I_c , 1400 and H_c 4100 oer.) or at 1000-1100° sintered for 15 min. (I_s 1300 and H_c 4150 oer.). At 10% Cr_2O_3 crystals of a new unidentified phase appear. All magnetic properties decrease on increasing the Cr_2O_3 content. Bi_2O_3 -contg. ferrites are well sintered at 1000°, have a sp. gr. of 5.2-5.9 g./cc. and improved melting qualities, and crystal growth is inhibited. At 2 mole % Bi_2O_3 there appears a new nonmagnetic phase of unidentified structure and a solid soln. in the I lattice that proves that microovergrowths are formed in hexagonal layers. Addn. of less than 2% Bi_2O_3 increases I_s and I_c by about 10%, and H_c by approx. 25%. Elementary cell changes are greater at 2-5% and practically nil at 5-10%, which is reflected in the small difference (30°) of the Curie temp. for 1% and 10% content. At less than 8% CoO or NiO a solid soln. is formed in the lattice of type I, magnetic properties of the sinters are worse than that of pure I, but the sinters still possess properties of hard magnetic material. Above 5%, a new magnetic phase, probably a soft magnetic phase, appears, which is isomorphous at 20% NiO or CoO . I_s and the coercive force, especially in ferrites sintered at higher temp., considerably decrease and the sinters have properties of a soft magnetic material. This phenomenon is very distinctive.

L. Kozlowski and Z. Ziolkowski

If NiO is added. At 10% NiO or CoO the I-type ferrite still exists and disappears at 40% at which compn. new compds. are formed. The sinters of NiO and CoO do not fit as hard magnets. The literature on the effect of a series of metal oxides on magnetic properties of Ba, Sr, and Pb ferrites is reviewed.

4

1

✓ 6260

538.22

3

Kozłowski L., Zieliński Z. The Effect of Adding Al_2O_3 , Mn_2O_3 , Cr_2O_3 , Bi_2O_3 , CaO and NiO on the Structure and Magnetic Properties of Barium Ferrite.

"Wpływ dodatków Al_2O_3 , Mn_2O_3 , Cr_2O_3 , Bi_2O_3 , CaO i NiO na strukturę oraz właściwości magnetyczne ferrytów barowych". Przegląd Telekomunikacyjny, No. 1, 1959, pp. 5-10, 19 figs.

X-ray examinations and magnetic tests carried out with a view to determining the effect of adding Al_2O_3 , Mn_2O_3 , Cr_2O_3 , Bi_2O_3 , CaO and NiO on the structure and magnetic properties of barium ferrites used in the production of permanent magnets, show that adding Al_2O_3 , Mn_2O_3 and Bi_2O_3 to barium-aluminium, barium-manganese and barium-bismuth ferrites diminishes the speed of grain growth in sintered material, and that the sintering temperatures ensuring a low rate of growth are dependent upon the oxide being added. In order to ensure a uniform structure of barium-aluminium ferrite, sintering temperatures in excess of 1200°C . should be used. The effect of Mn_2O_3 on the growth of grain is insignificant so that sintering temperatures should be between 1000 and 1100°C . At low Bi_2O_3 content, the presence of an easily fusible stage facilitates sintering of the pressing at a relatively low temperature, a process which prevents the growth of grain and the drop of coercive force. Adding more than 2-5% of Bi_2O_3 results in the formation of a new stage of an indefinable structure which counteracts the growth of grain at the stage BaFe_4O_9 . Adding Cr_2 , CaO and NiO seriously affects the magnetic properties of barium ferrite.

1//

za

KOZLOWSKI, L.; KUBIAK, S.

Effect of cathodic hydrogen on the magnetic properties of thin
electrolytic nickel films. Bul Ac Pol mat 9 no.5:409-417 '61.

1. Department of Physics, Normal School, Katowice. Presented
by M. Miesowicz.

KOZLOWSKI, L.; KUBIAK, S.

Changes in the magnetic moment of thin electrolytic nickel films cathodically polarized. Bul Ac Pol mat 11 no.4:235-240 '63.

1. Department of Physics I, School of Mining and Metallurgy, Krakow, and Department of Physics, Normal School, Katowice.
Presented by M. Miesowicz.

KOŁAKOWSKI, M.

"Problem of Saving Metal in the Motor Industry", p. 352, (S. PWN
MOTORYFAZJNA, Vol. 4, No. 12, December 1954, Warsaw, Poland)

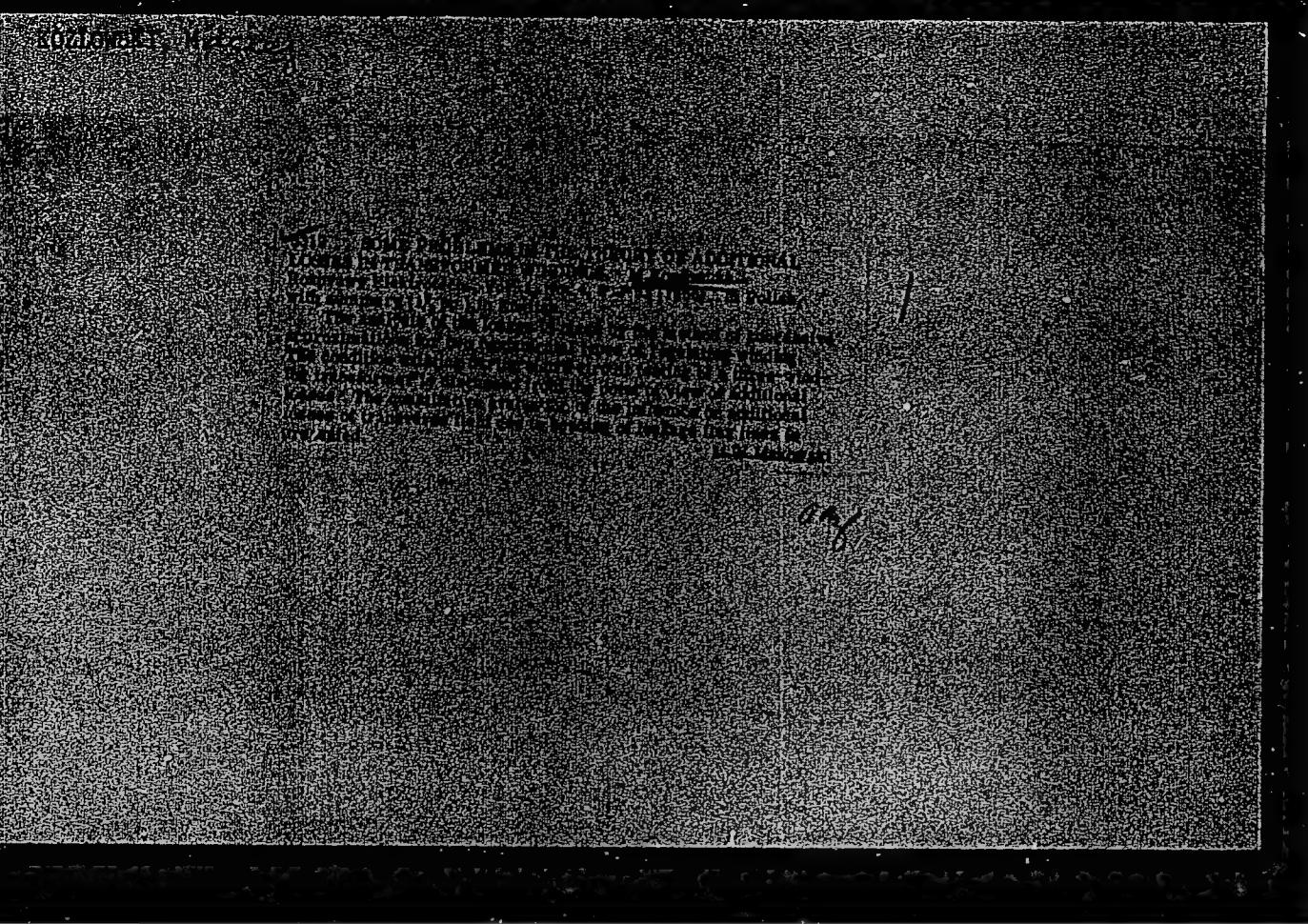
SC: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EAL), pg. Vol. 1, No. 3,
March 1955, U-cl.

KOZLOWSKI, M.

Phenomenological analysis of polarization of electrons in
neutron beta decay. Bul Ac Pol math 12 no.10:663-668 '64.

1. Institute of Theoretical Physics of Warsaw University.
Submitted August 21, 1964.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Monday, July 31, 2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825920C

JABLONSKI, Michal; KOZLOWSKI, Maciej

Transformer load analysis after switching a part of the
bobbins into two parallel groups. Elektryka Lodz no.4:57-77
'58.

J. Katedra Maszyn Elektrycznych i Transformatorow, Politechnika,
Lodz.

KOZLOWSKI, Marek, inz.

Welding in the construction of heavy machinery and boilers.
Przegl spaw 15 no.5/6:111-115 My-Je '63.

KOZLOWSKI, Mieczyslaw

lives as carriers of *Pasteurella multocida*. The positive ticks
have been no. 46,119-122 '6'.

1. Voivodeship Institute of Veterinary Hygiene, Lublin. Head:
Dr. Stanislaw Olejowski.

P O

The Relationship Between the Curves of Isothermal Austenite Transformation During Continuous Cooling. M. Kozlowski (Warszawa, Poland). [1984, 21, (3), 69-75]. [In Russian]. The knowledge of the dependence of the initial and end temperatures of transformation of supercooled austenite on the cooling velocity provides a means of controlling the effect of hardening, i.e., the change in the mechanical and physical properties of the hardened object. The determination and application of curves of the initial transformation of supercooled austenite during continuous cooling are discussed. —V. G.

KOZLOWSKI, M.

Kazimierz Podgorecki's Hartownie polmieniowe stali i zeliwa (Flame Hardening of Steel and Cast Iron); a book review. p. 39. Tap calibrators. p. 42. (MECHANIK. Poland. Vol. 30, no 1. Jan. 1957)

SO: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957, Uncl.

S/081/62/000/022/049/088
B180/B186

AUTHORS: Kozłowski, Mieczysław, Banas, Alfred

TITLE: Basic chromite-magnesite mass for refractory linings to induction furnaces

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 22, 1962, 355, abstract 22K252 (Pol. pat. 44922, September 21, 1961)

TEXT: The patent covers a refractory mass for lining steelmaking induction furnaces. The starting materials are chromite-magnesite tailings, calcined magnesite and a small amount of fluorite. A specific feature of the mass is its granulometric composition: chromite-magnesite tailings: 9-13 % with grain size 0.6-0.84 mm, 22-26 % with 0.84-1.68 mm, 18-22 % with 1.68-3.36 mm, 6-12 % with 3.36-4.0 mm and 8-12 % with 4.0-6.36 mm; magnesite: 28-32 % with grain size 0-0.20 mm and 3.5-5.5 % with 0.20-0.60 mm; fluorite 0.5 % with grain size 0-0.20 mm, all in wt.% related to the finished dry mixture. The authors observe that, used as a lining, this mass will increase the life of a furnace 4 times. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

KOZLOWSKI, M.

Temprature distribution in a liquid flowing out through a boring. In
English. p. 93 ACTA GEOPHYSICA POLONICA
(Polska Akademia Nauk. Komitet Geofizyki) Warszawa.
Vol. 3, no. 3, 1955

So. East European Accessions List Vol. 5, no. 1, 1956

KOZIOWSKI, M.

Delegation of Soviet geophysicists in Poland. p. 267. (Przeglad Geofizyczny, Vol. 1, No.3/4, 1956, Warsaw, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEA) LC, Vol. 6, No. 8, Aug 1957. Uncl.

24252

P/026/60/008/004/001/009
A189/A126

3.2420

AUTHOR: Kozłowski, Mieczysław

TITLE: The diamagnetism of the Van Allen Zones as a possible source of the earth's external magnetic field

PERIODICAL: Acta Geophysica Polonica, v. 8, no. 4, 1960, 287 - 311

TEXT: The author attempts to find approximate expressions for the potential and the intensity of the magnetic field surrounding the earth's surface. Values are derived from measurements of the Van Allen Zones on the assumption of the diamagnetic behavior of their gases. The zones, according to Van Allen, are single layers, magnetized along the lines of force of the geomagnetic field. The magnetic properties of the Van Allen Zones influence the earth's magnetic field and play a significant part in the development of magnetic storms. Data were obtained from measurements made with the artificial satellites Pioneer III, Sputnik III and Pioneer IV. Van Allen radiation at its strongest occurs at an altitude of 3,000 km above the geomagnetic equator (inner Zone) and at a distance of approximately 30,000 km from the earth's center (outer Zone). The author quotes Van

Card 1/3

24252

P/026/60/008/004/001/009
A189/A126

J

The diamagnetism of the Van Allen Zones as...

Allen: "The trapped radiation acts as an intermediate reservoir of charged particles between the sun as source, and the earth's atmosphere. Resulting geophysical phenomena include the aurora, airglow, possible atmospheric heating, geomagnetic storms etc. In addition, the trapped radiation may be the seat of the electrical current long supposed to be responsible for the main phase of magnetic storms." In investigating the contribution of diamagnetism, the sole objective of this paper, the existence of density magnetisation is given by the equation:

$$\bar{\mu} = - \frac{N w_1 B}{B^2}$$

where w_1 - the kinetic energy of particles in motion perpendicular to the lines of force; N - denotes density of particles; B - denotes the magnetic field. The author arrives at the final equation:

$$N_0^e \approx 1.4 \cdot 10^3 / \text{cm}^3$$

The value of N_0^e corresponds to the upper density limit. Density values for

Card 2/3

24252

P/026/60/008/004/001/009
A189/A126

The diamagnetism of the Van Allen Zones as...

other parameters of the external layer are given in Table IV. There are 8 figures, 4 tables and 14 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and 10 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the most recent English-language publication reads as follows: IGY Bulletin, no. 27, 1959, no. 30, 1959 (1 - 28).

ASSOCIATION: Department of Geophysics, University of Warsaw

SUBMITTED: February 22, 1960

Table IV.

t	t _r =7/2					t _r =5					
	θ _i	75°	65°	55°	45°	35°	75°	65°	55°	45°	35°
N _θ '/cm ³	8625	1401	519	248	134	4237	686	254	122	66	50

Card 3/3

KOZLOWSKI, M.

Short period variations of the earth's magnetic field in Poland.
Acta geophys pol 9 no.3:205-226 '61.

1. Department of Geophysics, University of Warsaw.

(Poland—Magnetism, Terrestrial)

L-23799-65 EWT(1)/REF(1)/FOC PL-4/Po-4 GW
ACCESSION NR: AF5001623

P/0026/64/012/004/0205/0250

19
18
17

AUTHOR: Kosilovskij, G.

TITLE: On the external magnetic field of the earth

SOURCE: Acta geophysica polonica, v. 12, no. 4, 1964, 209-250.

TOPIC TAGS: earth's magnetic field, Van Allen belt, magnetic storm, ring current, disturbance ring current.

ABSTRACT: On the basis of the DR model of the magnetic storm (G. I. Akasofu and S. Chapman, Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc., London, Series A, v. 253, 359-406, 1961 and others), the author investigates the conditions of a self-consistent outer geo-magnetic field when the force lines in this field are curved and the pressure is anisotropic. The critical ratio of the energy of the particle motion to the energy density of the magnetic field is determined by investigating the behavior of the first adiabatic invariant of the particles under conditions when the magnetic field has spacetime inhomogeneity. The purpose of the investigation was to establish the degree to which these inhomogeneities can contribute to non-stationary course of the ring currents and of the DR field. The direction of the

Card 1/3

L 23799-65

ACCESSION NR. AP5001623

ring current is investigated in the two-dimensional model of the principal phase of the magnetic storm. An attempt at explaining the existence of an external field as being due to an eastward ring current did not yield any result (in the Al'fven-Chapman model the ring current can have only a western direction). The critical energy, magnetic periodicity, and critical value of the pitch angles is calculated using the Al'fven approximation. It is found as a result that the magnetic momenta of the protons, with energy of motion (perpendicular to the force lines) exceeding 17 kev, are perturbed. The lifetimes of such protons in the ring-current zone is approximately 10 days, in good agreement with the duration of the magnetic storm. The period of one revolution of such protons around the earth is also in agreement with the growth time of the principal phase. The change in the magnetic moment of the protons moving in periodic orbits in the ring-current zone, in which homogeneous waves with small amplitudes arise simultaneously, is also calculated. Such waves disturb the adiabatic invariance of the particles, but the density of the ring current remains practically unchanged. In spite of this, waves with amplitudes comparable to the magnetic field intensity in the ring-current zone can give rise to magnetic scattering of protons. It is possible to deduce such a conclusion from the established correspondence between the intervals of the microdisturbances and the intervals of the faster

Card 2/3

I-23799-65
ACCESSION NR: AP5001623

duration of the cycle of the magnetic phase, and from the occurrence of bay-type disturbances also in higher latitudes. The article concludes with an example of the interpretation of the development of a magnetic storm on 3 August 1977.

Orig. art. has: 9 figures, 15 formulas, and 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: LATVIAN PHYSICAL LITHOSPHERE UW (Department of Physics of the Lithosphere - UN)

SUBMITTED: 00

KNOL: 00

SUB CODE: 13

NR REF Sov: 012

OTHER: 059

Card: 3/3

1/1

1/1

POLAND

KRAUTFORST, Wieslaw; and KOZLOWSKI, Marian, Chair of Special Animal Breeding Institute of Domestic Animal Breeding Department of Zootechnology of Agricultural College in Olsztyn (Katedra Szczegolowej Hodowli Zwierząt, Zakład Hodowli Trzody Chlewnej - Wydział Zootechniki WSR) Head (Kierownik) Docent Pharmacist Wieslaw KRAUTFORST, Olsztyn

"The Influence of Fodder Oxytetracycline on Growth of Piglets Retarded in Their Development (Cachexia)"

Lublin, Medycyna Weterynaryjna, Vol 22, No 10, Oct 66; p. 616-618

Abstract [English summary modified]: Oxytetracycline 200 gm added to 1000 kg feed concentrate increased growth of underdeveloped piglets (below 12 kg at 8 weeks of age). Feed utilization was also improved. It did not decrease mortality, presumably due to advanced cachexia in some of the piglets. Table, graph, 1 Polish, 5 Western references.

1/1

KOZLOWSKI, Piotr; KROL, Michal

Luschku's joints. Polski prezegl.radiol. 23 no.5:268-275
S-O '59.

l. z Pracowni Radiologicznej Centralnego Szpitala MON
Kierownik: dr med. A. Kaczurba,
(SPINE die)

ALAPIN, Boleslaw; KOZLOWSKI, Piotr

Trichloroethylene narcomania in a subject with early cerebral atrophy. Neur. &c polska 10 no.4: 511-514 Jl-Ag '60.

1. Z Państwowego Szpitala dla Nerwowo i Psychicznie Chorych w Pruszkowie Dyrektor: dr med. F.Kaczanowski z Instytutu Psycho-neurologicznego w Pruszkowie Dyrektor: prof. dr med. Z.W.Kuligowski
(TRICHLOROETHYLENE addiction)
(BRAIN pathol)

KOZLOWSKI, Piotr; MATUSZEWSKA, Irena; WOCHNIK, Danuta

Thrombosis of the internal carotid artery. Polski tygod.lak.15
no.10:246-251 7 Mr '60.

1. Z Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego w Pruszkowie; dyrektor: prof.
dr.med. Z.W. Kuligowski.
(CEREBRAL EMBOLISM AND THROMBOSIS case reports)

DYMECKI, Jerzy; KOZLOWSKI, Piotr

Heterolateral intracranial murmur in a case of cerebral angioma.
Polski tygod.lek. 15 no.27;1037-1039 4 Jl '60.

1. Z Oddzialu Neurologicznego - Ordynator Oddz: prof. dr med.
Z.W.Kuligowski oraz z Pracowni Radiologicznej - Kierownik
Pracowni: P.Kozłowski, Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego w Pruszkowie;
dyr. prof. dr med Z.W.Kuligowski.

(HEMANGIOMA diag)

(BRAIN NEOPLASMS diag)

(AUSCULTATION)

KOZLOWSKI, Piotr

Radiological picture of the internal carotid sulcus. Polski przegl.
radiol. 24 no.4:205-210 '60.

1. Z Pracowni Radiologicznej Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego w
Pruszkowie Dyrektor Instytutu prof. dr med. Z.W.Kuligowski.
Z Zakladu Radiologii Lekarskiej Studium Doskonalenia Lekarzy A.M.
w Warszawie Kierownik Zakladu prof. dr Nauk med. W.Zawadowski.
(PETROUS BONE radiogr)
(CAROTID ARTERIES radiogr)

GIETKA, Jan; KOZLOWSKI, Piotr

Posterior cervical syndrome of Barre-Lieou. Polskie arch.med.
wewnetrz. 30.1:65-75 '60.

l. Z Oddz. Wewn. II Centralnego Szpitala Klinicznego W.A.M.
Kierownik: doc.dr.med. S. Bober. Z Wojewodzkiej Poradni Prze-
ciwreumatycznej w Warszawie. Dyrektor: dr.med. H. Znajewska-
Zarembina. Z Pracowni Radiologicznej II Centr. Szpit.Klin.
W.A.M. Kierownik: dr.med. A. Kaczurba.

(SPINE dis.)
(SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM dis.)

KOZŁOWSKI, Piotr; ALAPIN, Bolesław

On cerebral angiography in agenesis of the corpus callosum. Polski
przegl. radiol. 25 no.2:139-146 '61.

1. Z Państwowego Szpitala dla Nerwowo i Psychicznie Chorych w Pruszkowie
Dyrektor: dr med. F. Kaczanowski Z Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego w
Pruszkowie Dyrektor: prof. dr med. Z. W. Kuligowski.

(BRAIN abnorm) (CEREBRAL ANGIOGRAPHY)

KOZLOWSKI, Piotr; DYPECKI, Jerzy

Arteriosclerosis of the ophthalmic artery and role of the
artery in collateral circulation. Neurol. neurochir. psychiat.
Pol. 14 no. 2;195-202 Mr-Ap '64.

1. Z Pracowni Radiologicznej Sodersjukhset w Sztokholmie
(Kierownik:dr S.Lofstedt); z Pracowni Neuroradiologicznej
(kier.: dr med. P.Kozłowski) i Pracowni Neuropatologicznej
(kier.:dr med. J.Dymek) Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego
Dyrektor Instytutu w Pruszkowie prof. dr med. Z.W.Kuligowski.

KOZLOWSKI, Piotr, dr. med.; TRZEBICKI, Jacek

Role of the cisterna magna of the cerebellum in fractional pneumoencephalography. Neurol., neurochir., psychiat. Pol. 15 no.1:123-129 Ja-F'65.

1. Z Pracowni Neuroradiologicznej Instytutu Psychoneurologicznego i Szpitala dla Nerwowo i Psychicznie Chorych w Pruszkowie (Kierownik: dr. med. P. Kozłowski).

DYDYNISKI, Jerzy; KOZIOWSKI, Piotr; ZAPEDOWSKI, Witold

Profile radiograms in hysterosalpingography. Pol. przegl. radiol.
29 no.3:277-284 My-Je '65.

1. Z Kliniki Chorob Kobiecych i Poloznictwa Centralnego Szpitala
Klinicznego Wojskowej Akademii Medycznej (Kierownik: doc. dr. med.
J. Higier) oraz Zakladu Radiologii Centralnego Szpitala Klinicznego
Wojskowej Akademii Medycznej (Kierownik: dr. med. A. Kaczurba).

GIETKA, Jan; KOZŁOWSKI, Piotr

Pain syndromes of the brachial joint in relation to degenerative changes in claviculo-brachial joint. Pol. przegl. radiol. 29 no.4: 381-386 Jl-Ag '65.

1. Z Katedry i Kliniki Chorób Wewnętrznych Centralnego Szpitala Klinicznego Wojskowej AM (Kierownik: prof. dr. med. S. Bober), z Wojskowej Poradni Przeciwreumatycznej w Warszawie (Kierownik: dr. med. H. Znajewska-Zarebina) i z Zakładu Radiologii Centralnego Szpitala Kliniki Wojskowej AM w Warszawie (Kierownik: dr. med. A. Kaczurba).

KOZŁOWSKI, R

Rare paleontologic fluid; conodonts of the annelids of the Ordovician period. p. 654.
(KOSMOS. SERIA A: BIOLOGIA. Vol. 5, no. 6, 1956, Warsaw, Poland)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 9 Sept. 1957 Uncl.

KOZLOWSKI, Roman, prof.

The Research Centre for Palaeozoology. Review Pol Academy 7 no. 1:27-31
Ja-Mr '62.

1. Member of the Polish Academy of Sciences. Former Director of the
Centre for Palaeozoology, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warszawa, Zwirki
i Wigury 6. Present Director: Associate Professor Zofia Kielan-
Jaworska.

KOZLOWSKI, Roman, prof.

Development of the Paleozoological Institute. Nauka Polska
10 no.1:111-119 Ja-F '62.

1. Członek rzeczywisty Polskiej Akademii Nauk, Warszawa.
Były Kierownik Zakładu Paleozoologii Polskiej Akademii Nauk,
Warszawa, Zwirki i Wigury 6. Obecny kierownik Zakładu: doc.
Zofia Kielan-Jaworowska.

KOZIOWSKI, Roman

The nature of chitinozoans. Acta palaeont Pol 8 no. 4:
425-449 '63.

1. Laboratoire de Paleozoologie de l'Academie Polonaise
des Sciences et de l'Universite, Varsovie.

KOZLOWSKI, Roman

Development of a tuboid graptolite. Acta palaeont Pol 8 no.2:
103-134 '63.

KOZLOWSKI, Roman

Fossil eggs of cephalopoda. Acta palaeont Pol 10 no.1;3-9
'65.

1. Institute of Palaeozoology of the Polish Academy of Sciences
and of Warsaw University. Submitted September 1964.

KOZLOWSKI, S.

KRAKOWIAK, S.; KOZLOWSKI, S.

"Standard type of rural transformer station." p. 106. (Przeglad Elektrotechniczny, Vol. 30, no. 3, Mar 54, Warszawa)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol 3 No 6 Library of Congress Jun 54 Uncl

KOZLOWSKI, S.

"Problem of Decreasing the Cost of Keeping Livestock between the time of Purchasing and the time of Delivery to a Slaughterhouse", p. 362, (ROZDZIAŁ WIECZA, Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1954, Warsaw, Poland)

SD: Monthly List of East European Accessions, (EEL), IC, Vol. 4, No. 5, May 1955, Uncl.

KRANZ, Maksymilian; WITKOWSKA, Anna; KOZLOWSKI, Ryszard

Preliminary research on the stability of Cr SO₄ solutions.
Prace matem przyrod Poznan 10 no.2:125-134 '62.

1. Katedra Chemii Stosowanej, Uniwersytet im. Adama
Mickiewicza, Poznan.

KOZŁOWSKI, S.

Price policy and its influence on the quality of the animal production in the years 1957-1959. p. 5

GOSPODARKA MIESNA. (Polskie Wydawnictwa Gospodarcze) Warszawa, Poland
Vol. 11, no. 9, Sept. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEAI) LC. Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan. 1960

Uncl.

KOZIOWSKI, S.

Activities concerning the improvement of the number of cattle and the hygienic-sanitary conditions of meat and milk in Lublin Voivodeship.

GOSPODARKA MIESNA. (Polskie Wydawnictwa Gospodarcze) Warszawa, Poland
Vol. 11, no. 11, Nov. 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions. (EEIA) LC. Vol. 9, no. 1,
Jan. 1960

Uncl.

KOZIOWSKI, Slawomir

Haemogamasidae in the Bialowieza National Park, Wiadomosci parazyt.,
Warsz. 4 no.5-6:727-728; Engl. transl. 728-729 1958.

1. Z Zakladu Parazytologii PZH w Warszawie.
(MITES,

Haemogamasidae, distribution in Poland (Pol))

KOZŁOWSKI, Stanisław

Position of *Trombicula zachvatkini* Szluger, 1948 in Poland. *Wiadomosci parazyt.*, Warsz. 4 no.5-6:745-746; Engl. transl. 746 1958.

1. Z Zakładu Parazytologii PZH w Warszawie.

(MITES,

Trombicula zachvatkini (Pol))

KOZIOWSKI, Slawomir

The first report on acariasis in insects. Windomosci parazyt., Warsz.
4 no.5-6:747-748; Engl. transl. 748-749 1958.

1. Z Zakladu Parazytologii PZH w Warszawie.
(INSECTS, dis.
acariasis (Pol))
(ACARIASIS,
in insects (Pol))

KOZLOWSKI, S.; WALENTYNOWICZ-STANCZYK, R.; ZOLTOWSKI, Z.

Pneumonyssus simicola Banks, 1901 as a pulmonary parasite in monkeys
Macacus rhesus and Macacus cynomolgus. Wiadomosci parazytyczne, Warsz. 4
no.5-6:751-752; Engl. transl. 752-753 1958.

1. Z Zakladu Wiruslogii i Zakl. Parazytologii PZH w Warszawie.
(ACARIASIS,

Pneumonyssus simicola pulm. infect. in monkeys (Pol))
(LUNG DISEASES,

Pneumonyssus simicola infect. in monkeys (Pol))
(MONKEYS, dis.

Pneumonyssus simicola pulm. infect. (Pol))

KOZLOWSKI, Sł.; MIRSKI, B.; ZOLTOWSKI, Z.

Case of generalized porocephalosis in a monkey induced by nymph *Armillifer moniliformis* Diesing, 1936. Wiadomosci parazyty., Warsz. 4 no.5-6:755-756; Engl. transl. 756-757 1958.

1. Z Zakladu Wirusologii i Zakl. Parazytolugii PZH w Warszawie.

(ARTHROPODS,

Armillifer moniliformis infect. in monkey (Pol))
(MONKEYS, dis.

Armillifer moniliformis infect (Pol))

KOZLOWSKI, Slawomir

Parasitic Gamasidae in mammals and birds discovered in the Szczecin region. Przegl.epidem.Warsz. 9 no.2:121-126 1955.

1. Z Zakladu Epidemiologii Panstw.Zakladu Higieny W Warszawie.

(MITES,

Gamasidae, parasitism & transm. of tularemia in Poland)

(TULAREMIA, transmission,
by Gamasidae in Poland)

KOZLOWSKI, Slawomir

Role of certain strains of Gamasidae in transmission of infectious diseases. Przegl.epidem.Warsz. 9 no.2:127-131 1955.

1. Z Zakladu Epidemiologii panstw.Zakladu Higieny w Warszawie.
(MITES,

Gamasidae, transm. of infect.dis.)
(COMMUNICABLE DISEASES, transmission,
by Gamasidae)

KOZLOWSKI, Slawomir

Contribution to study of the natural system of Acarina of the genus
Haemogamasus Berlese, 1889 (Gamasides). Acta parasit Pol 8 no.21/32:
403-418 '60.

1. Department of Parasitology, State Institute of Hygiene. Head of
Department: Dymowska, Zofia, dr.